

# LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

# CIRCUIT TYPES SN52748, SN72748 HIGH-PERFORMANCE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

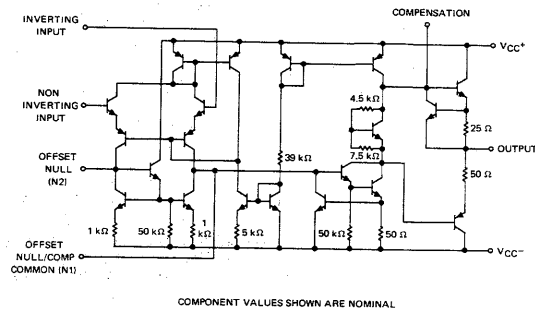
- Frequency and Transient Response Characteristics Adjustable
- Short-Circuit Protection
- Offset-Voltage Null Capability
- Large Common-Mode and Differential Voltage Ranges
- Low Power Consumption
- No Latch-up
- Same Pin Assignments as SN52709/SN72709

## description

The SN52748 and SN72748 are high-performance operational amplifiers. They offer the same advantages and desirable features as the SN52741 and SN72741 with the exception of internal compensation. The external compensation of the SN52748 and SN72748 allows the changing of the frequency response (when the closed-loop gain is greater than unity) for applications requiring wider bandwidth or higher slew rate. These circuits feature high gain, large differential and common-mode input voltage range, output short-circuit protection, and may be compensated under unity-gain conditions with a single 30-pF capacitor. A potentiometer may be connected between the offset null inputs, as shown in Figure 12, to null out the offset voltage.

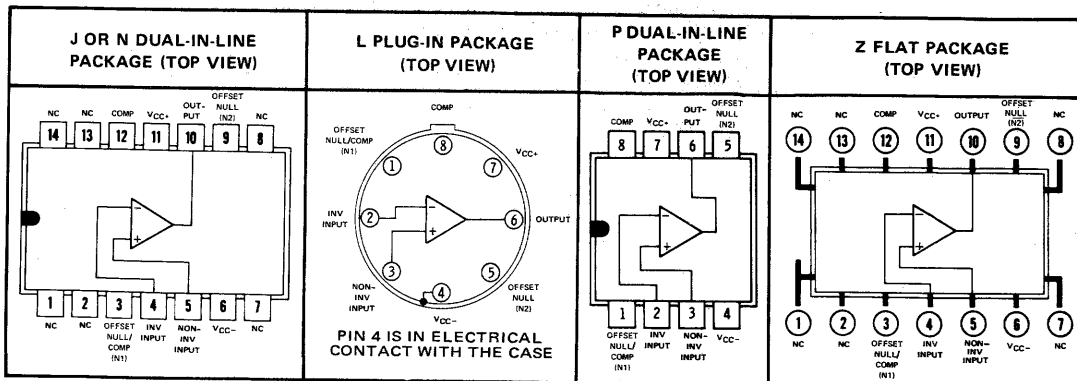
The SN52748 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; the SN72748 is characterized for operation from  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $70^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

## schematic



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## terminal assignments



NC—No internal connection

# CIRCUIT TYPES SN52748, SN72748

## HIGH-PERFORMANCE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	SN52748	SN72748	UNIT	
Supply voltage $V_{CC+}$ (see Note 1)	22	18	V	
Supply voltage $V_{CC-}$ (see Note 1)	-22	-18	V	
Differential input voltage (see Note 2)	$\pm 30$	$\pm 30$	V	
Input voltage (either input, see Notes 1 and 3)	$\pm 15$	$\pm 15$	V	
Voltage between either offset null terminal (N1/N2) and $V_{CC-}$	-0.5 to 2	-0.5 to 2	V	
Duration of output short-circuit (see Note 4)	unlimited	unlimited		
Continuous total power dissipation at (or below) 55°C free-air temperature (see Note 5)	500	500	mW	
Operating free-air temperature range	-55 to 125	0 to 70	°C	
Storage temperature range	-65 to 150	-65 to 150	°C	
Lead temperature 1/16 inch from case for 60 seconds	J, L, or Z Package	300	300	°C
Lead temperature 1/16 inch from case for 10 seconds	N or P Package	260	260	°C

- NOTES: 1. All voltage values, unless otherwise noted, are with respect to the zero reference level (ground) of the supply voltages where the zero reference level is the midpoint between  $V_{CC+}$  and  $V_{CC-}$ .
2. Differential voltages are at the noninverting input terminal with respect to the inverting input terminal.
3. The magnitude of the input voltage must never exceed the magnitude of the supply voltage or 15 volts, whichever is less.
4. The output may be shorted to ground or either power supply. For the SN52748 only, the unlimited duration of the short-circuit applies at (or below) 125°C case temperature or 75°C free-air temperature.
5. For operation above 55°C free-air temperature, refer to Dissipation Derating Curve, Figure 13.

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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{CC+} = 15$  V,  $V_{CC-} = -15$  V

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS†	SN52748			SN72748			UNIT	
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
$V_{IO}$ Input offset voltage	$R_S \leq 10$ k $\Omega$	25°C	1		1		6	mV	
		Full range					7.5		
$I_{IO}$ Input offset current		25°C	20	200	20	200		nA	
		Full range	500		300				
$I_{IB}$ Input bias current		25°C	80	500	80	500		nA	
		Full range	1500		800				
$V_I$ Input voltage range		25°C	$\pm 12$	$\pm 13$	$\pm 12$	$\pm 13$		V	
		Full range	$\pm 12$		$\pm 12$				
$V_{OPP}$ Maximum peak-to-peak output voltage swing	$R_L = 10$ k $\Omega$	25°C	24	28	24	28		V	
		Full range	24		24				
		$R_L \geq 2$ k $\Omega$	25°C	20	26	20	26		
			Full range	20		20			
$A_{VD}$ Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 10$ V	25°C	50,000	200,000	50,000	200,000			
		Full range	25,000		25,000				
$r_i$ Input resistance		25°C	0.3	2	0.3	2		M $\Omega$	
$r_o$ Output resistance	$V_O = 0$ V, See Note 5	25°C	75		75			$\Omega$	
$C_i$ Input capacitance		25°C	1.4		1.4			pF	
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$R_S \leq 10$ k $\Omega$	25°C	70	90	70	90		dB	
		Full range	70		70				
$\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta V_{CC}$ Power supply sensitivity	$R_S \leq 10$ k $\Omega$	25°C	30	150	30	150		$\mu$ V/V	
		Full range	150		150				
$I_{OS}$ Short-circuit output current		25°C	$\pm 25$	$\pm 40$	$\pm 25$	$\pm 40$		mA	
$I_{CC}$ Supply current	No load, No signal	25°C	1.7	2.8	1.7	2.8		mA	
		Full range	3.3		3.3				
PD Total power dissipation	No load, No signal	25°C	50	85	50	85		mW	
		Full range	100		100				

† All characteristics are specified under open-loop operation. Full range for SN52748 is -55°C to 125°C and for SN72748 is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTE 5: This typical value applies only at frequencies above a few hundred hertz because of the effects of drift and thermal feedback.

For definitions of terms, mechanical data, and ordering instructions, see SN52741/SN72741 data sheet dated November, 1970.

# CIRCUIT TYPES SN52748, SN72748 HIGH-PERFORMANCE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

operating characteristics,  $V_{CC+} = 15\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CC-} = -15\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	SN52748			SN72748			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$t_r$ Rise time	$V_I = 20\text{ mV}$ , $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ , $C_C = 30\text{ pF}$	0.3			0.3			$\mu\text{s}$
	See Figure 1	5%			5%			
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$V_I = 10\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ , $C_C = 30\text{ pF}$ , See Figure 1	0.5			0.5			$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

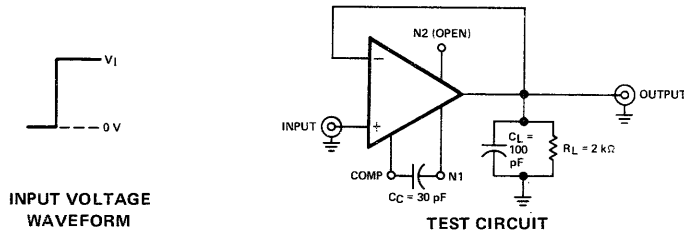


FIGURE 1—RISE TIME, OVERSHOOT, AND SLEW RATE

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## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

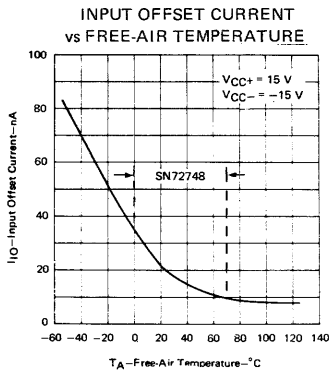


FIGURE 2

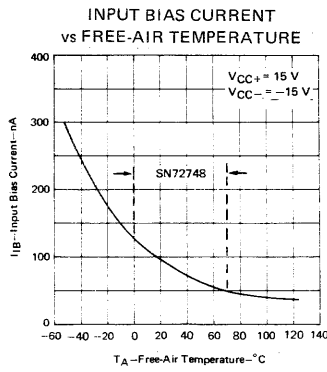


FIGURE 3

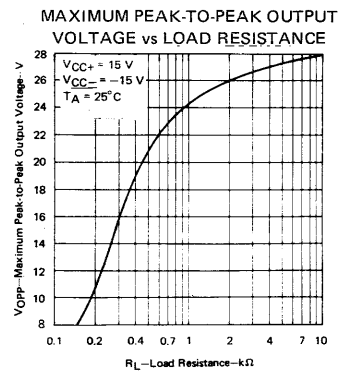


FIGURE 4

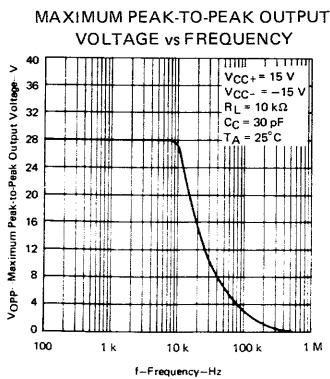


FIGURE 5

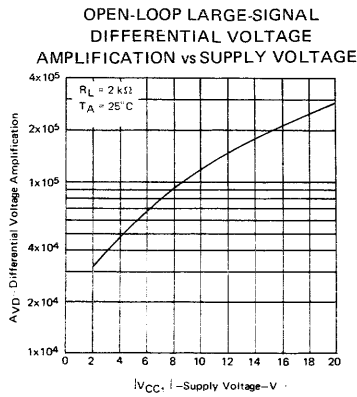


FIGURE 6

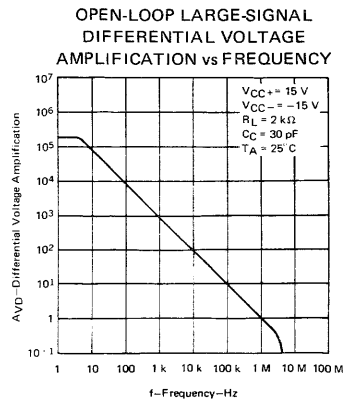


FIGURE 7

# CIRCUIT TYPES SN52748, SN72748 HIGH-PERFORMANCE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

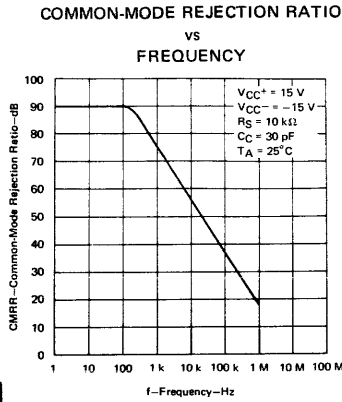


FIGURE 8

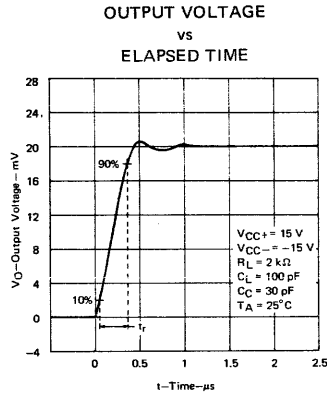


FIGURE 9

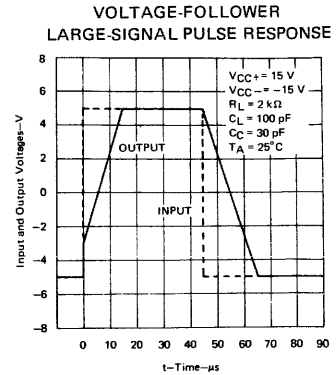


FIGURE 10

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## TYPICAL APPLICATION DATA

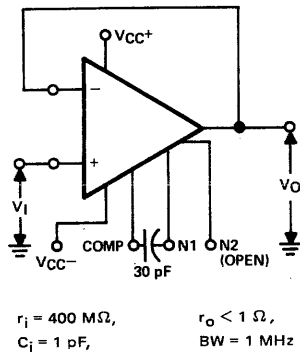
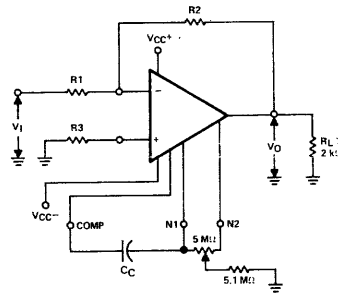


FIGURE 11—UNITY-GAIN VOLTAGE FOLLOWER



$$\frac{V_O}{V_I} = -\frac{R_2}{R_1}$$

$$C_C \geq \frac{R_1 \cdot 30\text{ pF}}{R_1 + R_2}$$

$$R_3 = \frac{R_1 \cdot R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$$

FIGURE 12—INVERTING CIRCUIT WITH ADJUSTABLE GAIN, COMPENSATION, AND OFFSET ADJUSTMENT

## THERMAL INFORMATION

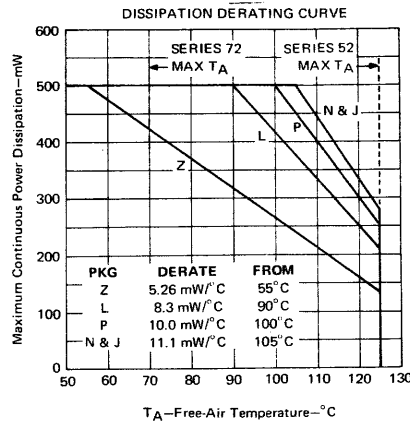


FIGURE 13